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PRESS AND TRIBUNE.

TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 21, 1858.

Adjournment of Congress.

A joint resolution passed both Houses of Congress yesterday for a temporary adjournment from December 23d to January 4th.

The Monroe Doctrine.

Our paper, this morning, contains a well considered and reliable article from the New York *Evening Post*, on what is now-a-days much talked of—the Monroe Doctrine, to which we invite attention.

The English-Montgomery Fight.

The latest dispatches put quite another face on the disgraceful squabble in Washington, between English of Indiana and Montgomery of Pennsylvania. If the facts are as related, the Indiana bully should at once be expelled from the society of all gentlemen, if not from his seat in the House. But we withhold all comment until the true relation comes to hand.

Excitement on the Iowa Border.

One of the chivalry is, it seems, carrying out the *obiter dicta* of the Dred Scott decision, in Nebraska. He is claiming and exercising the right to hold slaves in that Territory without authority of local law. But the slaves themselves, having waited as long as the circumstances of the case would admit, for the "unfriendly legislation" promised in Douglas' Freeport speech, and, as their owner, Mr. Nuckols, avers, being assisted by certain Heaven-defying, Constitution-breaking and otherwise ungodly fanatics from the east bank of the Missouri River, one day did not come up when the horn blew for dinner—did not answer when Mr. Nuckols cussed and searched and searched and cussed. Not to put too fine a point on it—they ran away—cleared out—absquatulated—*removed the cash!* Mr. Nuckols was excited. Of course he was. Niggers are property; his niggers had escaped; *ergo*, Mr. Nuckols was poorer by the amount at which his "boys" were valued. But, Mr. Nuckols was so firmly impressed with his importance to the said niggers, and so firmly convinced that they loved bondage better than freedom, and would not willingly do so ill-mannered, not to say impolite, a thing as to leave him with the bag to hold and many nigger in it, that he began to look about him for the infidels who had assisted in the rape which he had suffered. Now Iowa is opposite to Nebraska. It is a Black Republican State—not as black as Vermont; but black enough for Mr. Nuckols' purposes. Along its western borders, over against Omaha, is a cordon of churches and school-houses and well tilled Yankee farms. The men thereabouts are addicted to preaching and praying and of supporting schools and voting every time in solid phalanx against the National Democracy. Mr. Nuckols suspected them at once. They were the men he was after. They stole his niggers—probably ragged, bound and bore them away each particular Sambo with a loaded revolver at his head. Mr. Nuckols' neighbors were also excited. Around such a place as Omaha an excitement is soon gotten up. Whisky is plenty, employment scarce and loafers are abundant. A force was soon collected, made up of noisy patriots, the aggregate wealth of whom would not buy a pound of nigger in any market in this hemisphere—men who are daily cursed by slavery and don't know it. They numbered twenty-five in all, armed, as all the newspapers say, to the teeth; and full of whisky, as all the newspapers don't say, to the ears. They crossed the river, on a hunt—figure and Abolitionists being the game sought. The last we heard of them they were prancing around with the intention of making a descent upon the village of Tabor, a Yankee settlement, where Mr. Nuckols, the bereft, and all of Mr. Nuckols' neighbors, are quite sure the Nuckols' niggers are concealed. We do not know what the people of Tabor propose to do in the premises; but if that Nebraska crew of marauders and so-called gentlemen undertake to make a scare of the horses of the troop without riders in their saddles. We shall see of this raid again!

The Illinois Journal.

The publishers of the *Illinois Journal*, at Springfield, one of the best of our Western exchanges, advertise that they will report during the session the proceedings of the Legislature entire, after the manner of the *Globe* at Washington. They offer to furnish the daily Journal during the session at the very low price of one dollar per copy. We trust that their enterprise will be appropriately rewarded. Those sending their money may be assured that they will get full, accurate and timely reports, therefore. Address BAKER & BALDWIN, Springfield, Ill.

The Teamsters and the Saints.

One of the peace conditions insisted upon by the Mormons, was that the U. S. troops should be quartered as far as possible from their centres of population. They made it a special point when compromising with the Government and threatened to abandon the country *en masse*, if the army was stationed in Salt Lake City. This request was made to, and the soldiers pitched their encampment forty miles south of the capital. But the Saints are now asking for the presence of a battalion of troops to police duty, and preserve order in Salt Lake City. It seems that they are very much annoyed by the presence of two or three hundred discharged teamsters, in their midst, whose term of service has expired. They are a tough set of customers, and neither feel nor manifest the slightest reverence or respect for the prophets, priests, or bishops of the Latter Day Saints. They express their heterodox opinions, regardless of consequences; they invade the sanctity of the harems and make love to the Saints' wives, all of ordered away, frequently obey by knocking the male Saints down. They nearly all travel on their muscle, and strike from the shoulder, and it is said to be a settling to see the fear they have inspired in the breasts of the valiant Danites—those destroying angels, who but a few months ago refused to think no more of wiping out the army of Utah, teamsters and all, than of eating their dinners. But now they are very solicitous that a portion of the army shall be quartered in the Salt City, to protect them against the "wagoners," and their harems from the nocturnal visitations of these unruly Gentiles. We presume that the discharged teamsters are a hard set, and that the request of the Saints should be granted. But we tell Uncle Sam's bold soldier boys be more dangerous than the Johns? The cure, we fear, will be worse than the disease. Ladies hearts are always most susceptible to epaulets. Brigham and the Elders may be supplanted in the affections.

Singular Affair at Dixon.

DIXON, Dec. 20th, 1858.

EDS. PRESS and TRIBUNE:

I write to inform you of a serious accident that occurred in this town on Saturday last. Some of the women of the place had undertaken to rid the town of the retail liquor shops, and while engaged in pouring out the contents of whisky and bottles found in the Empire House, kept by one Oliver Wagner, a Mrs. Sanders was thrown backward down a flight of stairs, striking her head violently against the iron post at the bottom, fracturing the skull in a frightful manner. Her life is despaired of. It seems the ground about the head of the stairs was covered with ice, and one of the casks that had been previously brought from the shop, rolled backward, and, catching the lower end of her dress, carried her with it to the bottom. It was also ascertained that the proprietor of the saloon had practised a gross deception on the ladies, by selling them his stock with the understanding that they were to do so, and afterward filled his casks and decanters with colored water, reserving the liquor

Real Estate and Rents in New York.

The real estate auctioneers and agents, who are among the first to feel the effects of the late revulsion, are also among the first to experience the change, in the tide which leads to the revival of trade. Warehouses and dwelling houses are prime necessities, and their current value may be taken as a tolerably correct gauge of the financial pulse and the general tone of business. Under this view there is comfortable hope for the future, as the gentlemen who deal in vacant rooms and piles of brick and stone report their transactions large, and constantly increasing.

Within a few weeks, a speculative movement has been going on in real estate operations, which, however, is far from being all speculative.

Lots in the vicinity of the Central Park are much in demand, and have recently been sold at quite fabulous prices. They were no doubt desirable property, as whoever locates his mansion on one of them will have the double advantage of proximity to the Park and of being able to comply with the Scriptural injunction, to "build upon a rock." Property has gone up considerably in that part of the city between North and Canal streets, and west of Broadway. Messrs. Lloyd & Sons lately sold a lot in Leonard street for $22,500, which could have been bought for $10,000 less than four years ago. For one of the new warehouses in Walker street $90,000 is offered, which a few weeks since could have been bought for $75,000.

It is believed that rents generally have advanced fully ten per cent. over the lowest depression since October of last year. The stores most in demand just now are those situated between Murray and Duane streets, and bounded by Broadway and Church street. This is the region of the dry goods jobbers, and the fact would seem to indicate—their confidence in the future of that branch of the trade. On the other hand, property in such streets as Maiden, Liberty, Cedar, &c., has greatly depreciated in comparison, and rents have fallen in proportion. Dey street and its neighbors on the west of Broadway have also lost a portion of their former prestige.

Richness of Pikes Peak Gold.

The result of the assay of the gold from the Cherry River mines received within a few days from Leavenworth, Kansas, by Messrs. Sewell, Ferris & Co., of this city, shows that, with the exception of a few small lots from Georgia, it is the finest gold ever received from any part of North America. Its value after melting being $20.06 per ounce, or fineness, 970⅝ thousandths. —*N. Y. Eve. Post.*

THE CITY.

Carriers Address.

The Carriers of the PRESS AND TRIBUNE will give twenty dollars for the best written New Year's Address, the same to be sent in by the 24th inst. Rejected Addresses returned at the option of this office.

Printing for the Holidays.

The season now upon us gives rise to a vast variety of calls upon "the art preservative of all arts," and the demand for printer's ink is quickened by a variety of causes. Fairs and Festivals, Balls and Soirees, Holiday Gatherings of every class, kind and description are calling for all classes of work from flaming Posters down to neat and elegant Invitations, Tickets, Cards, &c., &c.

Trade too, at the Holiday season is enlivened, and the enterprising dealers know the advantage of well disposed and skillfully scattered Hand-bills, Circulars and Business Cards. It is a well established fact of which the merchants are getting to be well aware, that to share in the purse of the million, one must *catch the eye* of the million, and the little messengers setting forth its fair type aims and claims, as well as names of dealer and stock, are an investment sure to return an hundred fold profit.

Not only is this true of the city, but of the country also, and we have referred to a well known state of facts, to couple the same with the hint to our friends here and abroad—in Chicago as in the towns of this vicinity—that our arrangements and facilities are unsurpassed for executing promptly and cheaply, and in superior style, every description of job printing that may be called for.

Orders left at the PRESS AND TRIBUNE Job Department, No. 48 Clark street, will receive prompt attention. Our friends from the country may rely on dispatch in filling their orders in superior style in many descriptions of work, on the same day the order is received—an advantage smaller offices cannot promise. Send in your orders, friends, for Holiday work.

BRIGGS HOUSE "HOPS."—The subscribers to the Briggs House "hops" are notified that the first of the series will be given on Wednesday evening, 22d inst.

LADIES' ATTENTION.—The great sale at auction of splendid fancy goods by Gilbert, Hill & Sampson, commences this evening at 7 o'clock. Goods at a now on exhibition at their salesrooms 25 Lake street.

BOOKS, BOOKS, BOOKS AT HALF-PRICE.—If you are in want of books of any description, go at once to Andrews, 73 Dearborn street, and you can obtain them at half the price. He has Dickens, Reynolds, Dumas, Lippard, and all the works of favorite writers.

DR. BURNHAM.—In another column will be found the professional card of Dr. Burnham, who has taken up his residence in this city. Dr. B. formerly resided at Cincinnati, (Ohio,) where he gained an enviable reputation as a successful and skilful homœopathic physician.

CHESS IN THE WEST DIVISION.—We learn that a chess club has been started on the West Side. The rooms are on Randolph street, between Canal and Clinton. Its officers, who are elected quarterly, consist of a President (A. D. Sturievant), Vice President (R. D. Adams), and Secretary and Treasurer (Wm. B. Houghton).

CHESS THAS SOCIABLE.—The ladies of the Third Presbyterian Church, Rev. A. L. Brooks, pastor, will give a Christmas Sociable, this Tuesday evening, at the parlors of the church, on the corner of Washington and Carpenter streets. They will have a Christmas tree, filled with fancy and useful articles, suitable for Christmas presents, and ample refreshments, which they will be happy to serve to all who will come, at satisfactory prices. Their friends and the public generally are invited to attend.

A GOOD TIME FOR POOR CHILDREN.—On Sunday morning the Rev. Dr. Clarkson announced to his congregation that he was making arrangements to give a sumptuous Christmas dinner to 500 poor children on Christmas day, and asked their aid and co-operation.

Any persons who know of families in destitution, who are not likely to have dinners at home on that day, are allowed to send them to the basement room of St. James' Church, at one o'clock on Saturday. From the number and character of the persons interested in this great "dinner" we may certainly promise to those who will partake, that they will receive a handsome entertainment.

ILLINOIS BEEVES.—The procession of Illinois beef through our streets yesterday, lead off by martial music, attracted much attention. These fine bullocks were four in number. One pair weighed over five thousand pounds, and the other not much lighter. Two of them were fed by John Sherman, of the Lake Shore House, and two by Wells and Farham, of Lake County.

They have come to this city to aid in the observance of the Holidays which none who, from their goodly seeming yesterday, calculated the prime roasts, juicy sirloins and tender steaks there in store, will doubt they can do to the satisfaction of all concerned.

They are to be served up on the stalls of Messrs. Clybourne & Bro., on South Water near Clark street, and at North Market. Remember to call for the prize beef.

FATAL AFFRAY AT THE JUNCTION.—PROBABLE MURDER.—On Sunday last, at an infamous "dog-gery at the Junction, so called, six miles south of the city on the Michigan Southern and Rock Island Railroads, a party of Irishmen were engaged in playing cards.

A fight soon arose between the players when one of them who was dealing drew his knife and as another man named Patrick Ready undertook to seize some cards, cut him severely upon the hand. Ready then made a dash at him, and a general melee ensued during which Ready got possession of the knife and plunged it into his first assailant, burying the blade in his neck.

The utmost excitement prevailed, but no one made an attempt to seize the prisoner. A priest was sent for who went down from the city and shrived the supposed dying man.

Yesterday morning, Lieut. Nichols, hearing of the affair, went down two policemen who took Ready into custody and brought him to this city to await the result of the wounded man's injuries.

The rumor prevailed last evening that the injured man, whose name we could not learn, was dead, and Coroner Justice was down to

AN IMPROMPTU DEER CHASE.—A DEER TAKES A LAKE TRIP.—Our friend D. B. Cooke, residing at Clearverille, about four miles south of this city, owns a beautiful deer, now nearly full grown, which has the free run of his premises and the groves adjacent to Glenwood Place, and is an admired favorite in that region. On Sunday afternoon last, as the deer was quietly browsing among the shrubbery without the enclosure, a couple of keen-scented hounds, changing to strike its trail, though they they had come out for other game, opened in full cry, at hearing which Sir Deer struck an attitude, listened, and then was off like an arrow, the dogs in full pursuit. The opportunity was given to the few lookers-on, they will never probably enjoy again, of seeing a deer chase.

The startled animal took a wide circuit through the woods in the vicinity of the Reform School, the staunch dogs pressing it hard, when the fugitive crossed the railroad track, and believing itself in imminent peril, as is doubtless was, it deliberately skipped its endangered version for some other post, striking boldly in the lake, the baffled dogs howling and baying along the shore, the while the deer was putting out under a full head of steam as if bound direct for St. Joseph. Mr. Cooke and one or two other gentlemen went to the shore and called off the dogs, the deer at the time seeming a mere speck at least two miles from shore. Upon the removal of the dogs, and perhaps getting sick of voyaging, or recognizing its friend and patron, or both, it came ashore not far from where is embarked, and was taken charge of by its owner, not the worse for its perils or achievements.

MORE WAYS THAN ONE.—A servant girl, lately in the employ of a Mrs. Ackers, residing in the West Division, has developed a new and striking success in the thieving line, (which she has rendered crino-line.)

The idea originated in the fertile brain of one of the artists of Punch, and in its American reprints Harper's and Leslie's illustrated papers found a wide circulation, representing a vest crinoline expansion in section, to show the marketing and other purchases the ingenious shopper in full fashionable rig had suspended to hooks and hoops on the inner expanse of her crinoline. Not to rob Catharine of her laurels, she may never have seen the picture, or if she did she deserves credit for ingenuity and boldness at least in putting it in practice. She had been discharged by her employee and left his house on Saturday night. Soon after, or before she had gone further than a few blocks, Mr. Ackers overtook her and caused her arrest on suspicion of her having and harboring stolen goods.

She was searched by a female, and sure enough the liquidation resulted in finding a bag of buckwheat, a pound of flour, a small can of milk, several pounds of sugar, a package of tea and a jug of molasses actually pinned in her *petticoats and hanging upon her crinoline*, a total weight of about twenty one pounds, a decided strain on skirt pins we should say.

A pound or two of sweet cakes were also found stowed away in her bosom. Altogether Catherine Lower is a remarkable female, and in some communities would be worth her weight in gold to the smuggling business.

She was taken in tow and unloaded, and held in $200 bail yesterday morning.

RECORDER'S COURT.—CLOSED SCENES OF THE TERM—SENTENCING THE PRISONERS.—Yesterday, the last day of the December term of the Recorder's Court, was the occasion of a more than usually large attendance and interest. The court room was crowded with spectators at the hour of 10 A. M., when the long file of prisoners, the joint result of the jury and judicial labors of the term were brought up to receive sentence. The list is as follows:

Noble R. Darling, convicted of passing counterfeit money, was sentenced to three years imprisonment. He is a man of unusual intelligence and defended himself upon his trial with much legal ingenuity, and without the aid of counsel. It is said that he was formerly a postmaster at Sandoval, in this State.

Hannah Galvin, a professional thief, larceny of clothing, one year.

Jack Vincent, who has served a term in the Penitentiary of two years, larceny of a watch and chain, three years.

John Powers, a school teacher from Onarga, forgery, two years.

Daniel Langdon and Charles Badrow, stealing a pitman, the former one year in the Penitentiary, and the latter, under eighteen years of age, six months in Bridewell.

Anton Epping, stealing a $30 gold piece, one year.

Alfred Hughes, the young Canadian, forgery and larceny, one year.

Wm. Buckley, larceny of a coat one year.

Leopold Kebler, larceny of clothing, three years.

Robert Dammon, larceny of a double barreled gun, one year.

Michael Coffin, burglary, two years.

John Downing, larceny of leather, two years.

Frederick Gross, the dishonest porter, larceny of dry goods, six years.

Alfred Lee, (colored) larceny of money, three years.

Phineas L. Finney, burglary, three years.

R. K. Breed, hotel larceny, one year.

Edward More, burglary, with burglar's tools in his possession, one year.

Abner Gilbert, larceny of money, one year.

Martin Busch, burglary, one year.

Wm. J. Gallagher and Richard L. Elliot, forgery, two years each.

William Horton, larceny of a coat, three years.

Patrick Whalen, a hackman, passing counterfeit money, one year.

Timothy Lee, a hackman, garroting and robbery, six years.

The following minor offenders were awarded sentences to Bridewell and County Jail: John Fanning, larceny of butter, three months; Thos. Maloney, larceny, three months; John Bartles, a professional thief, larceny from clothes lines, six months; George F. Putnam, larceny, one day in jail; Pierce Dwyer, larceny, six months; James Faucet, larceny, one day in jail; Wm. Russell, assault, one day in jail; Morris Breslaner, larceny, one year in Bridewell; John McCullock, larceny, thirty days; Peter White, larceny, three months; John H. and George H. Dorland, conspiracy, $100 fine each and one day in the jail.

CHURCH FESTIVAL.—It will be seen by reference to another column that the ladies of Westminster Church are to hold a festival at the Mechanics' Institute Hall, corner of Clark and Washington streets, on Thursday evening of this week.

This Church has recently called a pastor, under whose ministrations it is making rapid progress, and bids fair to be one of the strong churches of our city. Like all new enterprises, it has many necessities, and to meet these, the ladies hold this fair. Having chosen the time when, by immemorial usage, gifts are given and received, they have provided for the taste and fancy of their friends ample refreshments, a large variety of useful and ornamental articles, and Christmas presents for old and young.

The object of the enterprise being a laudable one, we trust its friends will give them a call, and encourage the ladies by their presence, sympathy and material aid.

A FEARFUL END—BURNED TO DEATH WHILE DRUNK.—On Sunday morning last the body of a man named John Spence was found lying dead in the packing house of Messrs. Hough, at Bridgeport. It was found resting against the boiler, and the side thus exposed was burned to a crisp. An inquest was held by Coroner James which developed the facts that the deceased was very intemperate, had been employed about the premises, and during his fits of drunkenness was accustomed to sleep off the effect of his potations on the platform on which the boiler stands. On Saturday night he had been very much intoxicated, and in seeking his usual haunt rolled against the boiler where he lay too drunk to get away.

WASHINGTON.—The Mount Vernon papers by Hon. Edward Everett, will be commenced in this week's *Ledger*, which will be received by McNally & Co., on Wednesday, at 12 M. McNally & Co. have arranged to receive subscriptions for the *Ledger* and all other periodicals usually sold by them at publisher's lowest prices, 81 Dearborn street, opposite the Postoffice.

CORONER'S COURT.—Edward Berkshire and Frederick Bower, two young men indicted for stealing a span of horses, the property of Dougles Reed, for the purpose of selling them to a

Farewell Missionary Meeting---Departure of Rev. James Baume.

Last evening the Wabash Avenue M. E. Church was the scene of a most impressive and interesting gathering, the occasion being the farewell of Rev. James Baume, late pastor of the Clark street M. E. Church, in this city, now about to leave for India, as a missionary, under the auspices of the M. E. Church Missions.

Mr. Baume, during his residence of two years in Chicago, held a high and honored place in the esteem not only of his own people but of our entire Christian public. He commenced his ministerial labor some five years since within the borders of our own State, at Peoria we believe, and is now in the prime of his usefulness.

We learn that for some years past, or indeed since his first entering upon the ministerial calling, his mind had turned to the mission field as destined to become his own, and in accordance with the ripening and perfecting of his plans the meeting of last evening was called by his friends of this city and Conference. It was a gathering that filled the church to its utmost, and in the audience were fairly represented, save in numbers, most of the religious denominations of our city, with all of whom Mr. Baume held a high place as a man and a clergyman.

The meeting was organized by calling Grant Goodrich, Esq., to preside. Rev. Drs. Kidder and Dempster, of the Northwestern University at Evanston, occupying the desk, together with Rev. Dr. Ryan, the pastor, and Rev. Mr. Baume.

The exercises commenced with singing "Old Hundred."

"From all who dwell below the skies," etc.

Following which, prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Kidder. Another hymn was then sung.

"Jesus, Immortal King, arise."

Rev. Dr. Dempster made the address of the evening, a most able, scholarly, and Christian production, abounding in the speaker's well known clearness and richness of thought. It was a thorough and elevated review of the mission field and the purpose of missions, both in general, and with reference to the especial field in which Mr. Baume is about to become a laborer. We regret that our space allows no detailed reference to this portion of the exercises, which for upwards of an hour held in breathless attention his large audience.

The hymn was then sung:

"From Greenland's icy mountains."

Rev. Mr. Baume then descended from the desk, and came forward to the altar rail, and said he only appeared for a few familiar farewell words He could not say he was "glad to go," but a most awakening much emotion among that part of his hearers, who having been sharers of his ministrations here, felt the most keenly, the sadness of the long parting.

Another hymn was sung:

"Father of mercies, condescend."

And a benediction was pronounced by Mr. Baume.

The parting proper then commenced, when instead of following the, of course, main portion of the audience, numbers of his hearers and late parishioners pressed forward to the altar rail to shake hands and personally bid adieu to their late pastor. We will not undertake to say the reality and strength of their attachment, that more than one of them left in his hand tokens of their good will substantial and valuable in kind.

The meeting throughout was one most marked in its character and the interest developed.

Mr. Baume is a native of England, but came to this country at an early age, whence he grew into manhood upon soil and is thoroughly our countryman. His esteemed lady was, we believe from Pennsylvania. An only child, about two years of age, accompanies them in their departure from this country.

They leave to-day for New York *via* the Michigan Southern Railroad. Mr. Baume will preach in that city and Brooklyn on Sabbath next. The party will leave Boston on the 25th, for Liverpool, in the steamer Arabia. They will spend some months in England, visiting earlier friends and scenes of the missionary's boyhood, and thence proceed across the continent, to take a steamer on the Mediterranean to the Isthmus, whence by the Red Sea to Calcutta, and immediately to Lucknow, where Mr. Baume will report to Rev. Dr. Butler, the veteran head and leader of the M. E. Mission enterprises at the East.

THE STREET ROBBERY OF THE BANK PORTER.—No additional light has been gained as to the unparalleled assault and robbery of George Halloran, bank porter for Messrs. B. W. Phillips & Co., when $1400 was taken under circumstances narrated yesterday. No clue seems to exist as to the daring perpetrator of the villainy, the last seen of him being while he was in the act of jumping from the dock into the river, according to the testimony of the porter.

There existed in the minds of some yesterday an opinion that the robber broke through the ice and was drowned, as the ice was certainly in a too weak condition for safety. A most strict official attention should extend to the matter.

A BURGLAR CONVERED AND CAUGHT.—On Sunday night John Gorman, residing on Sherman street, was awakened by a noise in his house, which immediately suggested to him the presence of a third party or parties altogether uninvited and unwelcome. He sprang up and gave the alarm, and not only succeeded in startling his visitor, but also calling the aid of a policeman, who came to the outside of a window left open by the burglar, just as the scamp, in attempting to dash through it, jumped fairly into the officer's arms. The burglar, whose name is John Burns, was taken to the lock-up, and is in a fair way for Alton.

A WRETCH.—Much indignation was excited on Sunday last among a crowd that collected in front of the building on Lake street, occupied on the main floor by the hardware store of S. J. Surdam, where some one occupying or being in the upper story threw from the fourth story window to the pavement beneath, a fine pointer dog. It did not appear why the act was done and from the temper of some of the crowd it was apparently fortunate the perpetrator did not appear at all. The poor animal was not killed but one of its legs and several of his ribs were broken.

PIANOS AND MUSIC.—Who wants to purchase a fine Christmas present for his musical friends call at Mr. Bauer's store, in Larmon Block, where he will sell his stock of new pianos and melodeons at cost prices from now until the 15th of January. Also a large number of second-hand pianos, very cheap.

He has also music books suited for Christmas presents. *Norma, Trovatore, Somnambula. Lucia de Lammermoor*, complete for the piano. Also masses, oratorios and hand-books of all kinds.

HOLIDAY FESTIVAL.—On Wednesday afternoon and evening of this week, the ladies of St. John's Church intend holding a fair, at Metropolitan Hall. A good time may be expected. Those who wish to pass a pleasant evening and help a good cause, we would advise to attend. St. John's Church is one of the most vigorous of our younger churches. They are disposed to help themselves. Let such be aided by all friends of good order.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—A few days since a lot on Michigan Avenue, near Adams street, 40 feet front by 175 feet deep, was sold for $19,000, cash in hand, being $900 per front foot. The investment was made by one of our shrewdest operators, for an Eastern capitalist. The sale is considered a favorable one, and is another indication of the numbers now being furnished in our city of awakened life in real estate matters.

Common Council.

MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 20.

Quorum present. The Mayor and all being present Alderman Carter was called to the chair.

A petition from the Norwegian Singing Society for the use of North Market Hall for a ball, was referred to the Market Committee.

The petition of Engine No. 1 to have their new Engine paid for—the sum being $850, was granted, and order passed accordingly. An order of $300 was also received from the Fire Department of Michigan City for the Engine formerly used by No. 1. The offer was referred to the Comptroller and Chief Engineer of the Fire Department.

Petition of C. Hill, Sealer of Weights and Measures, in regard to Sealing Dry Measures, was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

J. Newton and O'Reilly Butterfield, Police Detectives, petitioned for pay. Referred.

Henry S. Benton, City Superintendent, petitioned to have La Salle street paved in the immediate vicinity of the new Engine House recently built for the Steam Fire Engine "Long John."

A petition from the Sewerage Commissioners was received and referred.

A number of assessment rolls were received and appropriately referred. Also a number of

A communication was received from the Mayor, vetoing the ordinance passed for opening East Carroll street. Referred to the Judiciary Committee, and a resolution passed suspending all proceedings in the matter.

Ald. Carpenter, from the Committee on Claims reported in favor of paying C. L. Holmes $45.87, being the amount of an over assessment. Also adverse to paying extra bell ringers. Also adverse to paying Francis Herbert for things done to hack. Also adverse to several other claims of like character. Concurred in.

The Mayor in the Chair.

Ald. Abbott from Committee on Streets and Alleys, reported in favor of contracting with Samuel S. Greeley, for putting down the Nelson pavement on Clark street between Washington and Madison, and on Washington street between Lasalle and Clark. The matter was laid over for the purpose of obtaining the opinion of the City Attorney upon the subject.

We learn that for some years past, or indeed since his first entering upon the ministerial calling, his mind had turned to the mission field as destined to become his own, and in accordance with the ripening and perfecting of his plans the meeting of last evening was called by his friends of this city and Conference. It was a gathering that filled the church to its utmost, and in the audience were fairly represented, save in numbers, most of the religious denominations of our city, with all of whom Mr. Baume held a high place as a man and a clergyman.

The meeting was organized by calling Grant Goodrich, Esq., to preside. Rev. Drs. Kidder and Dempster, of the Northwestern University at Evanston, occupying the desk, together with Rev. Dr. Ryan, the pastor, and Rev. Mr. Baume.

The exercises commenced with singing "Old Hundred."

"From all who dwell below the skies," etc.

Following which, prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Kidder. Another hymn was then sung.

"Jesus, Immortal King, arise."

Rev. Dr. Dempster made the address of the evening, a most able, scholarly, and Christian production, abounding in the speaker's well known clearness and richness of thought. It was a thorough and elevated review of the mission field and the purpose of missions, both in general, and with reference to the especial field in which Mr. Baume is about to become a laborer. We regret that our space allows no detailed reference to this portion of the exercises, which for upwards of an hour held in breathless attention his large audience.

The hymn was then sung:

"From Greenland's icy mountains."

Rev. Mr. Baume then descended from the desk, and came forward to the altar rail, and said he only appeared for a few familiar farewell words He could not say he was "glad to go," but a most awakening much emotion among that part of his hearers, who having been sharers of his ministrations here, felt the most keenly, the sadness of the long parting.

Another hymn was sung:

"Father of mercies, condescend."

And a benediction was pronounced by Mr. Baume.

The parting proper then commenced, when instead of following the, of course, main portion of the audience, numbers of his hearers and late parishioners pressed forward to the altar rail to shake hands and personally bid adieu to their late pastor. We will not undertake to say the reality and strength of their attachment, that more than one of them left in his hand tokens of their good will substantial and valuable in kind.

The meeting throughout was one most marked in its character and the interest developed.

Mr. Baume is a native of England, but came to this country at an early age, whence he grew into manhood upon soil and is thoroughly our countryman. His esteemed lady was, we believe from Pennsylvania. An only child, about two years of age, accompanies them in their departure from this country.

They leave to-day for New York *via* the Michigan Southern Railroad. Mr. Baume will preach in that city and Brooklyn on Sabbath next. The party will leave Boston on the 25th, for Liverpool, in the steamer Arabia. They will spend some months in England, visiting earlier friends and scenes of the missionary's boyhood, and thence proceed across the continent, to take a steamer on the Mediterranean to the Isthmus, whence by the Red Sea to Calcutta, and immediately to Lucknow, where Mr. Baume will report to Rev. Dr. Butler, the veteran head and leader of the M. E. Mission enterprises at the East.

THE STREET ROBBERY OF THE BANK PORTER.—No additional light has been gained as to the unparalleled assault and robbery of George Halloran, bank porter for Messrs. B. W. Phillips & Co., when $1400 was taken under circumstances narrated yesterday. No clue seems to exist as to the daring perpetrator of the villainy, the last seen of him being while he was in the act of jumping from the dock into the river, according to the testimony of the porter.

There existed in the minds of some yesterday an opinion that the robber broke through the ice and was drowned, as the ice was certainly in a too weak condition for safety. A most strict official attention should extend to the matter.

A BURGLAR CONVERED AND CAUGHT.—On Sunday night John Gorman, residing on Sherman street, was awakened by a noise in his house, which immediately suggested to him the presence of a third party or parties altogether uninvited and unwelcome. He sprang up and gave the alarm, and not only succeeded in startling his visitor, but also calling the aid of a policeman, who came to the outside of a window left open by the burglar, just as the scamp, in attempting to dash through it, jumped fairly into the officer's arms. The burglar, whose name is John Burns, was taken to the lock-up, and is in a fair way for Alton.

A WRETCH.—Much indignation was excited on Sunday last among a crowd that collected in front of the building on Lake street, occupied on the main floor by the hardware store of S. J. Surdam, where some one occupying or being in the upper story threw from the fourth story window to the pavement beneath, a fine pointer dog. It did not appear why the act was done and from the temper of some of the crowd it was apparently fortunate the perpetrator did not appear at all. The poor animal was not killed but one of its legs and several of his ribs were broken.

PIANOS AND MUSIC.—Who wants to purchase a fine Christmas present for his musical friends call at Mr. Bauer's store, in Larmon Block, where he will sell his stock of new pianos and melodeons at cost prices from now until the 15th of January. Also a large number of second-hand pianos, very cheap.

He has also music books suited for Christmas presents. *Norma, Trovatore, Somnambula. Lucia de Lammermoor*, complete for the piano. Also masses, oratorios and hand-books of all kinds.

HOLIDAY FESTIVAL.—On Wednesday afternoon and evening of this week, the ladies of St. John's Church intend holding a fair, at Metropolitan Hall. A good time may be expected. Those who wish to pass a pleasant evening and help a good cause, we would advise to attend. St. John's Church is one of the most vigorous of our younger churches. They are disposed to help themselves. Let such be aided by all friends of good order.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—A few days since a lot on Michigan Avenue, near Adams street, 40 feet front by 175 feet deep, was sold for $19,000, cash in hand, being $900 per front foot. The investment was made by one of our shrewdest operators, for an Eastern capitalist. The sale is considered a favorable one, and is another indication of the numbers now being furnished in our city of awakened life in real estate matters.

Common Council.

MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 20.

Quorum present. The Mayor and all being present Alderman Carter was called to the chair.

A petition from the Norwegian Singing Society for the use of North Market Hall for a ball, was referred to the Market Committee.

The petition of Engine No. 1 to have their new Engine paid for—the sum being $850, was granted, and order passed accordingly. An order of $300 was also received from the Fire Department of Michigan City for the Engine formerly used by No. 1. The offer was referred to the Comptroller and Chief Engineer of the Fire Department.

Petition of C. Hill, Sealer of Weights and Measures, in regard to Sealing Dry Measures, was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

J. Newton and O'Reilly Butterfield, Police Detectives, petitioned for pay. Referred.

Henry S. Benton, City Superintendent, petitioned to have La Salle street paved in the immediate vicinity of the new Engine House recently built for the Steam Fire Engine "Long John."

A petition from the Sewerage Commissioners was received and referred.

A number of assessment rolls were received and appropriately referred. Also a number of

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

If you desire to purchase a really first-rate watch or handsome article of jewelry, silverware or fancy goods, call on Geo. W. Stevens & Co., corner Lake and Dearborn streets, and you may rely on obtaining the best to be found in the market, and at lowest prices. Their goods may in all cases be depended upon as being of the quality represented in every respect.

Now that the holidays are close upon us we would invite the attention of our readers to the great and elegant variety of annuals and other works suitable for a present, to be obtained at the store of Messrs. Colby & Co., 118 Randolph street. Every purchaser obtains in addition to the book (which is sold at the same price as it could be had of any bookstore in our city), a present varying in value from one dollar to fifty. That they do so there is no doubt, as many of our best men can be tity. Call on them and judge for yourselves.

PICTURE FIRST.—*Burning Fluid.*—"Oh, dear, what a miserable light! How gloomy it is! I believe I have the blues."

PICTURE SECOND.—*Lunar Oil.*—"Oh, ps! what a brilliant light! How cheerful everything appears. Where did you get it?"

"At the Lunar Oil Depot, 47 Lasalle street."

Remember the attractions of China, Plated Ware and novelties at the City Crockery Store, 72 Lake street.

See advertisement of Quaker City 620 Sewing Machine. L. COBERLY & CO., 120 Lake st. oct6d1y

See advertisement of Dr. SANFORDS' Liver Invigorator in another column.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES FOR A CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENT.—A very appropriate testimonial of a Father to his Daughter, a Son to his Mother, a Husband to his Wife, a Brother to his Sister, or a Church to its Pastor. This is a lifelong gift, of more value than gold.

GEO. R. CHITTENDEN, Agent.
no20-lm21-3w 187 and 189 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

Have you seen those colored Transparencies at Gerould's Gas Fixture Establishment, 72 Clark street. They are beautiful. dc3-3-3-3TH

MARRIED.

On Tuesday, the 14th inst., at the Presbyterian Church in Grand Haven, Michigan, by Rev. Wm. T. WYLLEN EASTMAN, Esq., of Chicago, and MARY L., the youngest daughter of the officiating clergyman.

DIED.

On Sunday, the 19th, at 11 P. M., KATE GRAYSON, eldest daughter of Ewd Grayson, Esq.

The funeral will leave her father's residence, 103 Michigan street, on Tuesday, 2 P. M.

On the 19th inst., 1858 in the town of Worth, Cook County, Illinois, of Scrofulous Consumption, MRS. OLIVE BUCK HALL, wife and consort of Thomas Bucknell, in the 45th year of her age.

GREAT COST SALE TO CLOSE OUT THE CONCERN.

CLOTHING

—AT—

TAPPEN'S, 108 LAKE-ST.

—AT—

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Having determined to dissolve our co-partnership at the close of the present business season, and wind up the concern, we have marked prices down to PRIME COST, our present stock having been manufactured by ourselves, thereby saving the Jobber's profit, as well as securing BETTER WORKMANSHIP than can be obtained by purchasing at the East. We offer to dealers an opportunity to replenish their stocks at LOWER PRICES and with far BETTER GOODS than can be found ready-made elsewhere in town at any price.

TAPPEN BROS.
108 Lake street.

ONE PRICE ONLY.

No Trust—Please don't ask it. no6

CHRISTMAS GIFTS!

RICH FANCY GOODS

—OF—

PYRIAN FIGURES AND VASES,

BEAUTIFUL PERFUME CASES,

CARD RECEIVERS,

DRESSING CASES, WRITING DESKS,

TOILET BOTTLES,

PORT MONNAIES AND SHOPPING BAGS,

CALL AND EXAMINE THEM.

J. H. REED & CO'S

144 & 146 Lake Street,

de20 Dealers in Fine Toilet and Fancy Goods.

"Variety the Spice of Life,"

ACCORDEONS, CAMES, COMBS, CONVERSATION CARDS, CH

PRESS AND TRIBUNE.

TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 31, 1858

Present Attitude of Progressive Democracy.

It is the boast of its adherents that the Democratic party is a party of progress. They plume themselves upon the fact, that while other political organizations adhere to certain well-defined principles of government, the Democratic party alone adapts itself to the circumstances and the advancing spirit of the times. We accept the statement with this single qualification, namely; that the movement is retrograde instead of a forward one. For the last fifteen years slavery extension has been the leading issue in our politics. All other questions have been subordinate to this, and so far as they have been settled at all, it has been with direct reference to their bearing upon this. The founders of the Democratic party regarded slavery as a moral and political evil, to be tolerated only until some feasible mode could be adopted for getting rid of it. They recognized in the African a human endowed with the same inalienable right to "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" which they claimed for themselves; and how to place him in the enjoyment of that wrongfully withheld right, occupied their most earnest thought. Hatred of slavery constituted no small part of the original Democratic platform, as hatred to anti-slavery is its leading characteristic now. If it be progress to have passed from *that* to *this*, then is the Democratic party pre-eminently a party of progress, for it has made the journey.

Numerous dogmas have been invented to bridge over the intervening chasm. Some of these pertain to the work of extending the system into new territory, in order that its power in the general government may be strengthened, while others have direct reference to the system itself. "Non-intervention," "Popular Sovereignty," are among the former—the latter may be trimmed up in the assertion of the right of the white race to reduce the black to the condition of property. This is the last stage of Democratic progress. The next step will be the revival of the African slave trade under sanction of the federal government.

How can it be otherwise if "progressive" Democracy continues in the ascendant? Admit the right of *property* in the African race, and whence the authority of government to interfere with the African slave trade? If the negro is on the same footing with horses and mules before the law—if property in one is of the same nature and of the same right as property in the other, then the government has no more power to prevent the importation of negroes from Africa than of horses from Arabia, or mules from Malta.

Step by step the Democratic party has been led on to its present position. Under the specious claim of "nationality" and an asserted desire to give to the South her rights under the Constitution, the fatal goal has been approached. The doctrines of the revolutionary period have one by one been ignored—the great truth of the Declaration of Independence—that all men are created equal and are endowed with certain inalienable rights among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness—flatly denied; and here the Democratic party stands, admitting the right of property in man as the sole basis, while on the other, the South is demanding that the right shall be made good by the removal of the restrictions against the slave trade. Now what will the Democratic party do? Obviously it cannot stand still in its present position. Either it must go back to the point of departure, or it must concede all that the South demands. Which will it do? Which?

Popular Sovereignty to be Defined.

Our private letters from Washington assure us that Judge Kellogg, of Illinois, a member of the House of Representatives, has drawn and will introduce, certain resolutions defining the position of all who vote for them, on the question of Popular Sovereignty in the Territories. They affirm,

1. That all Territorial officers should be elected by the people.

2. That each actual settler is entitled to one quarter section of public land upon settlement and improvement for a stated period of time.

3. That Territorial governments should be self-supporting, therefore, that the Federal treasury is not to be drawn upon for ordinary territorial expenditures, such as the salaries of territorial officers, and other expenditures belonging or incidental to the local territorial organizations, shall be paid out of that local treasury.

4. That whenever any Territory shall have a population equal to the then existing representative ratio, it shall be admitted as a State, with a Constitution, which, having been confirmed by the votes of a majority of the people, may be presented to Congress, with an application for admission as a State.

We do not doubt the wisdom of taking this important step. The creed of the Republican party is the creed of Jefferson. It puts the legislative power for the government of the Territories in the hands of Congress, and insists that the power shall be exercised in accordance with the will of a majority of the people of the whole Union, to whom the Territories belong. But if the people themselves choose, through Congress, to delegate that power to the squatters, we see no objection to making the delegation full and complete. If we are to be compelled to extend the Federal Constitution over the Territories, in defiance of the original intent of that instrument, and contrary to the practice which prevailed to Jefferson's time, let us not do it by halves. If the expediency or righteousness of the government by Congress is denied, let the denial be one full length. If the people or those to whom congress may see fit to govern themselves, let us have no divided sovereignty—a half in Congress and a fourth in the President and the remainder in the Territories. If they are qualified at all, they are qualified for the whole.

Again: We want to see these brawlers about Popular Sovereignty—these patent Democrats who would not allow Jefferson or Madison, if alive, a place on one of their "Democratic" committees—brought up to the stretch on this question. Let Judge Kellogg go on in the direction in which he is looking, and one of two things will surely happen—there will be war in the Democratic camp, or a rebellion among the people. Let us see who is, and who is not in favor of Popular Sovereignty; pure and simple, without alloy of Douglasism or of the Dred Scott enormity.

Railway Matters.

SOUTHERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY.—We learn from Thomas McRoberts, Esq., who arrived yesterday from La Crescent, that eight hundred men are at work on the Root River Valley or Southern Minnesota Railway. The work commences on the Mississippi at La Crescent, and it is expected that twenty miles will be graded during the month of January. The contractor for bridging is also on the ground and is preparing to fulfil his contract at the earliest possible day. The ties for twenty miles are all contracted for and will be delivered during the winter. Everything is prosperous at La Crescent, and the people there and "thereabouts" are in the best possible spirits.

SLEEPING CARS FROM CHICAGO TO NEW YORK.—We understand that arrangements have been made, whereby passengers for New York can now go through without loss of sleep or time. The routes via Michigan Central or Michigan Southern and New York Central Railroads are now supplied with sleeping-cars, and the timetables are so arranged that the passenger gets the benefit of a full night's rest. This arrangement applies to all through trains. We notice, by the Albany and Buffalo papers, that the New York Central Railroad Company have ordered eight additional cars, in order to keep pace with the increasing demand for their use.

THE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY MANAGEMENT.—The Toledo *Blade* thus reports the present position and future prospect and home management of this important thoroughfare:

The improved financial condition of this great work will be a source of gratifiestion to all who regard it as one of the main thoroughfares over which is to pass the vast tonnage and passenger business of the country. A year ago it was burthened with a mountain of debt which threatened to crush it. But the President and Directors have since that time bent their every energy to relieving it from the pressure to which it was subjected, and the result of their efforts has been to do far remove the pressure as to leave it now in a comparatively easy condition. Its floating debt which a year ago was some $2,000,000 has been reduced until it is now less than half that sum, whilst by economy in expenditures the net earnings of the present season are made to exceed those of more (apparently) prosperous times when its gross receipts were greatly in excess of those of the present time. The business of the year foots up a net profit of $950,000, which, after paying 7 per cent. interest on its $10,329,000 of bonded and floating debt, leaves $227,500 to be divided amongst the stockholders, and is sufficient to pay nearly 10 per cent on its $2,700,000 of preferred stock. This improvement is more rapid than its most sanguine friends had hoped for.

In speaking of the management of the road we do so on with entire freedom from partiality, for the double reason that we are not personally acquainted with any of the officers, nor are we indebted to the company for a single mile of free ride. In its home management the company has been fortunate. Mr. J. D. Campbell has the reputation of being one of the most efficient railroad men in the West, and the condition of the track under his care, and the system with which the business is conducted are ample testimony to this fact. In the selection of Division Superintendents Webster and Paine, equal good fortune has attended the efforts of the Directors. Everything goes like clock work. Trains run on time—without accident, and with a certainty that is most satisfactory to travelers. Another year under such management as the last, and this great corporation will resume its former position amongst the roads that are independent in their financial affairs.

War Between Peru and Ecuador.

By the arrival of the British steamer Valparaiso at Panama, intelligence has been received of a blockade proclaimed by the government of Peru against the Republic of Ecuador. The proclamation states three grounds for the semi-declaration of war, viz.: 1. That Ecuador has taken possession of territory belonging to Peru, and has refused to expel the leaders of the filibuster enterprise organized against Peru, and has also refused to apologise for certain insults published in official documents by the chief authorities in Guayaquil. 2. That the graded discussion upon the alleged grievances, by cutting off further communication with the Peruvian Minister. 3. That the government of Ecuador had obtained legislative authority to make war on Peru. Peru has sent four ships-of-war, and 800 infantry, to enforce the blockade. The American ships Lizzie Thompson and Georgiana, for taking guano under authority of the revolutionary Peruvian government, had been seized at sea, and purchased for the expected war.

New Books at Kean's.

A WILL AND A WAY. Tales translated from the German of Auerbach and Aug. Marlitt. For sale by W. B. KEAN, 154 Lake street.

HOPE AND HARVEST. Tales translated from the German of Auerbach and Marlitt. For sale as above.

These are the very entertaining books for children, consisting of a series of stories, handsomely illustrated. A very pretty and useful present for the holidays.

THE AGE OF CHIVALRY. Vol. 1.—King Arthur and his Knights of the Round Table. Illustrated. For sale as above.

"Here rival warriors fought in listed field,
Here champions proved the blandishments of love."

The most enchanting, Merlin's subtle enchantments, the legends of Arthur and his knightly peers.

These tales, though not to be trusted for their facts, are worthy of all credit as illustrating the times and manners of that chivalrous age of which we heard and read so much in our youth. The book is filled with colored engravings of "Sir Launcelot of the Lake," "Marie D'Arthur," and other gallant knights who fought with and vanquished the giants, dragons and wicked enchanters of those days.

The Vacancy on Electric Districts.

The Democracy in the Sixth District are having a lively time in filling the vacancy in the Congressional delegation occasioned by Maj. Harris' death. There are six candidates ("Where all Democrats") in the field, all working with might and main for a nomination. The chances seem now to lie in favor of C. H. [illegible]

Sanitary Reform.

The New York *Evening Post* has commenced the discussion of Sanitary Reform in that city, by a brief article, in which a few startling facts are exhibited. It says:

New York has advanced in population, wealth and commercial greatness to the rank of the first cities in the world, and yet, in her sanitary condition, if we are to judge by the number of deaths to the population was 1 to 40; in 1840, 1 to 32; in 1845, 1 to 27; in 1850, 1 to 23; in 1855, 1 to 21. Thus, while we have no satisfactory evidence that even the annual mortality of other less favored cities, the fearful work of death is going on silently around us, and unseen influences are gradually sapping the foundation of our future prosperity. If the mortality of our population continues to increase for the next twenty years at the same rate as during the period just passed, (and if the causes of disease are not removed, it will increase more rapidly,) New York must yet be the theatre of spontaneous, generating epidemics more terrible than the plague of London.

These are facts, which, in their extension and bearing, have vital interest for Chicago—the city that will, without due precautionary measures, above all others on the Continent, New Orleans only excepted, be most exposed to the influences which are giving Death such rich harvests in New York. At this time Chicago deserves, if she does not enjoy, the reputation for healthfulness which New York had half a century ago; but with a surface under which sewerage must always be more or less imperfect, with a constantly and rapidly increasing population, and with a large admixture of people with whom cleanliness is not a standard virtue, the attention of our municipal legislators cannot too often be directed to the sanitary measures, upon which as much as upon any others, the future greatness of Chicago depends. At present, beyond the occasional and spasmodic action of the Board of Health, a yearly Proclamation from the Mayor, nothing is being done except what the Sewerage Commissioners do. In the meantime, all who are versed in the causes of the extraordinary mortality of cities know that the seeds of disease are accumulating, and that, when they germinate, there will be mournful reasons for the neglect with which all sanitary measures are now treated.

In New York a Sanitary Association has been formed, for the purposes of studying more thoroughly the sources of disease and the means of its removal, and for urging reforms upon the attention of the authorities. Whether, in view of the importance of the consequences involved, such an Association might not find room for labor here, we leave our readers to judge.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Split in the Administration—Buchanan Read Out of the Party—Escape of the Filibusters—British and French Fleets at Bocas del Toro—Gov. Cass Paralyzed—Crisis in the Foreign Relations—The South in insurrection against the Laws—Pacific Railroad, &c.

[From our own Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25th, 1858.

The course of the *Union* produces a profound sensation. It has read the President out of the party, and virtually placed Mr. Cobb at the head of the Administration. The article of last Friday on the Tariff causes astonishment and dismay among the Buchanan men in the Executive departments and in Congress. The Administration organ declares that the annual necessity of other less favored cities, the fearful work of death is going on silently around us, and unseen influences are gradually sapping the foundation of our future prosperity. If the mortality of our population continues to increase for the next twenty years at the same rate as during the period just passed, (and if the causes of disease are not removed, it will increase more rapidly,) New York must yet be the theatre of spontaneous, generating epidemics more terrible than the plague of London.

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A Chapter of History.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE—WHAT IT WAS AND WHAT IT IS.

[From the N. Y. Evening Post.]

So much is said of the Monroe Doctrine, and so little intelligently, that it may be well to furnish our readers with an outline of its history. It was originally propounded—all there was of it—on two several and quite distinct occasions, in both of which it is necessary to advert.

Up to the year 1822 it had been the principle and the practice of the European governments, to consider the unoccupied territory of their western continents as derelict territory, or, territory open to the use of the first settlers. At that time the administration of Mr. Monroe, considering our large interests in the North-west, took occasion to assert in his inaugural that it was "a principle in which the rights and interests of the United States were involved, that the American continents by the free and independent position which they have assumed and maintained, are henceforward not to be considered as subjects for future colonization by any European power." In a diplomatic controversy in which we got engaged about the same period, with the courts of Great Britain and Russia, Mr. Adams, who was the author of the "principle" asserted by the President, explained the meaning of his words. Assuming that the jurisdiction of the United States extended to the Pacific, and that the South American States and Mexico, in becoming independent, had succeeded to all the rights of eminent domain of old Spain, he argued that every part of the American continent was civilly appropriated by some subsisting government, and that, consequently, the settlement of any part by the European governments would be an infringement of proprietary rights.

This was the first phase of the Monroe doctrine; a mere declaration of legal and established civil jurisdiction, as opposed to the interloping principle of discovery; but the second phase of it was more important.

At the close of the great wars of Napoleon, when the Four Powers—Austria, Prussia, Russia and France—undertook to adjust the political system of Europe on that plan of monarchical unity and supervision which obtained the name of the Holy Alliance—when they declared, as at Verona in 1822, that "they would subdue rebellion, in whatever country it might break out, if it might show itself"—or, as at Troppau, that "the European States have an undoubted right to take a hostile attitude in regard to those nations in which the overthrow of government might operate as an example"—these movements and declarations were known to be aimed at the lovers of civil liberty, as well on the new as on the old continents. It was also known that, at the instigation of Spain, these powers were preparing their schemes for the suppression of freedom to the infant republics of South America. A plan was already on foot, or was supposed to be, for the conversion of these governments into royalties—or rather vice-royalties—which were to be administered by viceroys of the Holy Alliance, and governed upon the principles of the most enlightened citizens, and under which we have enjoyed the most unexampled prosperity, and in the dark, like those of the Darespart boys, but under a full blaze of gas, or in broad daylight. He has made tables more apparently without human contact, to the horror of believers and the confounding of skeptics.

The Worcester *Spy*, of the 20th of October, contained an account of one of his exhibitions, in which the table was so moved, and "Yankee Doodle" rapped on it in good style, in time with the whistling of a gentleman present.

From time to time "reliable mediums" saw spirits hovering around Mr. Paine, and he was in a fair way of becoming a lion among the Spiritualists.

Recently Mr. Paine came to this city, mainly for the purpose of convincing Mr. Coles, a former medium, who has recently concluded that physical manifestations are a humbug. For this purpose a circle was held at Mr. Paine's rooms, and Coles, with several others, attended, and were unable to detect any deception. At a second interview, however, he, with Mr. Henry Smith, the "Razor Strop Man," and Mr. Waters, of Worcester, determined to sift the matter to the bottom. Mr. Paine, on being requested to change the position of the table, replied by saying that it would destroy the "conditions."

At last a small hole in the floor, and a rent in the carpet, were discovered in close proximity with table legs. The gentlemen present then proposed to take up the carpet; but Mr. Paine demurred, and requested them to call next day. Mr. Coles and his associates, however, were determined not to yield the point, and gave Mr. Paine clearly to understand that they would not leave the room until they had taken up the carpet.

Mr. Paine, finding that there was no help for an examination, finally acknowledged that the whole thing was a fraud; that he had cheated, not only on this occasion but from the beginning; that he and his mediums were humbugs, as well as his numerous converts, having been the dupes of his premeditated deception.

Mr. Coles communicated these facts in the Spiritual Conference on Wednesday evening, in the presence of Mr. Paine; and after he had concluded, the bogus medium got up, publicly acknowledged the fraud, and *defended it on the ground* that the end justifies the means. He believed that the great share of the recent spiritual phenomena is sham, although he was of opinion that some of them are real. He stood committed to his own conscience, and counted it among his treasures in heaven that he had charged nothing, although now and then he had been led to time flown into his earthly coffers; his labor had been one of love. He had resorted to deception in order to meet deception, and ultimately expose it.

Having defended his course, Mr. Paine exhibited a piece of No. 2 wire, as the veritable piece with which he had operated on tables, and converted hundreds to Spiritualism.

A Man Buys his own Wife.

[From the Detroit Free Press.]

A queer case is coming from domestic causes transpired lately in this city. The participants in it were two Norwegians and a female of the same nationality, all of whom were in this city at the time and probably now are. It appears that the younger of the two named persons, previous to their immigration to this country and while yet under the shade of their ancestral pines, formed an attachment for the wife of the elder, a young and blooming matron, her lawful husband being most elder. The two carried the matter to such a height that they agreed upon the point to be discovered, and then, to escape the consequences, fled to America.

They had been here a couple of years when the husband, having also immigrated, found their retreat, and the other day confronted them in their own domicil on Republic street, much to their astonishment, as they supposed him still enjoying the pleasant climate of Norway, driving reindeer and living below as a respectable old Norwegian should. He at once fell into the arms of his long-lost spouse, and much to her disgust declared that nothing but death should part them. She indignantly told him that he himself was now preferable to his greasy embrace, and gave him to understand that Michigan wasn't Norway, and that in that latter land of the midnight sun, intimating sharply that people were snatched up and hung here without the least ceremony, and backing the bold assertion with the statement that she was acquainted with officers of Times, and could have him done for on short notice if she felt so disposed.

The old gentleman was taken aback by this unexpected turn of affairs, while the astounding revelation that his former humble spouse was on speaking terms with one of the rulers—nearly allied to the head of government, he supposed—created a profound respect for her. Assuming a bright idea struck him, however, and having, like a prudent old gentleman as he was, brought a small bag of dollars with him, the proceeds of the sale of his farm in Norway, he quietly opened negotiations with the possessor of his wife's affections. The latter, like male elopers in general, was prone to look at the connection as an old story, and was willing to make a trade. The expostulations of the woman were vehement and long continued, but amounted to nothing, and after a regular parley she was transferred to the legal husband in the fair way of traffic, the lover receiving a mewhere in the neighborhood of $100 in gold. He then coolly turned both out of the house, and deposited his money in the bank with commendable prudence. The pair departed, one in tears and the other in joy, and sought lodgings where the husband, unused to his new country and unable to get any work, soon expended the remnant of cash which his rival had left him in the wife trade, and was again turned out of doors. The old man was left in a most forlorn condition at this juncture, for his wife at once returned to her old quarters, for she was well-received, while he was thrown upon the public for support—his only reliance at last accounts. The happy couple, conscious of having made a clever speculation, expended the cash realized in the sale in new furniture, and became again as one—a practical illustration of the folly of old men and the perfidy of young women.

Confessions of a Table-mover.

George P. Paine, The Spiritual Medium, Admits that he is a Humbug—The "Razor-Strop Man" in a Circle—How the Phenomena were Produced.

[From the N. Y. Evening Post.]

For a long time Mr. George P. Paine, of Worcester, Mass., has been known as a powerful "physical medium," and his achievements in the line of table-moving, &c., manifestly to hundreds of people to Spiritualism, and been an argument in the mouth of its believers. His demonstrations were not in the dark, like those of the Davenport boys, but under a full blaze of gas, or in broad daylight. He has made tables move apparently without human contact, to the horror of believers and the confounding of skeptics.

The Worcester *Spy*, of the 20th of October, contained an account of one of his exhibitions, in which the table was so moved, and "Yankee Doodle" rapped on it in good style, in time with the whistling of a gentleman present.

From time to time "reliable mediums" saw spirits hovering around Mr. Paine, and he was in a fair way of becoming a lion among the Spiritualists.

Recently Mr. Paine came to this city, mainly for the purpose of convincing Mr. Coles, a former medium, who has recently concluded that physical manifestations are a humbug. For this purpose a circle was held at Mr. Paine's rooms, and Coles, with several others, attended, and were unable to detect any deception. At a second interview, however, he, with Mr. Henry Smith, the "Razor Strop Man," and Mr. Waters, of Worcester, determined to sift the matter to the bottom. Mr. Paine, on being requested to change the position of the table, replied by saying that it would destroy the "conditions."

At last a small hole in the floor, and a rent in the carpet, were discovered in close proximity with table legs. The gentlemen present then proposed to take up the carpet; but Mr. Paine demurred, and requested them to call next day. Mr. Coles and his associates, however, were determined not to yield the point, and gave Mr. Paine clearly to understand that they would not leave the room until they had taken up the carpet.

Mr. Paine, finding that there was no help for an examination, finally acknowledged that the whole thing was a fraud; that he had cheated, not only on this occasion but from the beginning; that he and his mediums were humbugs, as well as his numerous converts, having been the dupes of his premeditated deception.

Mr. Coles communicated these facts in the Spiritual Conference on Wednesday evening, in the presence of Mr. Paine; and after he had concluded, the bogus medium got up, publicly acknowledged the fraud, and *defended it on the ground* that the end justifies the means. He believed that the great share of the recent spiritual phenomena is sham, although he was of opinion that some of them are real. He stood committed to his own conscience, and counted it among his treasures in heaven that he had charged nothing, although now and then he had been led to time flown into his earthly coffers; his labor had been one of love. He had resorted to deception in order to meet deception, and ultimately expose it.

Having defended his course, Mr. Paine exhibited a piece of No. 2 wire, as the veritable piece with which he had operated on tables, and converted hundreds to Spiritualism.

A Man Buys his own Wife.

[From the Detroit Free Press.]

A queer case is coming from domestic causes transpired lately in this city. The participants in it were two Norwegians and a female of the same nationality, all of whom were in this city at the time and probably now are. It appears that the younger of the two named persons, previous to their immigration to this country and while yet under the shade of their ancestral pines, formed an attachment for the wife of the elder, a young and blooming matron, her lawful husband being most elder. The two carried the matter to such a height that they agreed upon the point to be discovered, and then, to escape the consequences, fled to America.

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Meteorology of the Lakes.

OFFICE SCHOOL N. AND N. W. LAKES,
WAYNE street, Detroit, Dec. 27, 1858.

To the Editor of the Detroit Free Press:

Will you do me the favor to make known, through the columns of your valuable journal, the fact that the "Survey of the Northern and Northwestern Lakes" was placed in charge of which I am honored—has been, and is, collecting the meteorological data so earnestly desired by Lieut. Maury, and from which it is hoped that such valuable results may be obtained?

The Lake Survey observers are furnished with a barometer, psycrometer, thermometer, rain-gauge, wind-gauge, and water-gauge. The observations are made four times daily, throughout the year, and are recorded in printed monthly blanks, which are forwarded to this office at the end of each month. The stations, when finally occupied, will extend from the east end of Lake Ontario to the west end of Lake Superior, or over the whole Lake region.

These observations are the result of the recommendation contained in the annual report from this office dated Sept. 19, 1857, and published as part of the Secretary of War's report for that year. The time required to procure the proper instruments, and the engrossing character of other duties on Mr. Survey, have hitherto prevented the occupation of all the stations indicated above; but, being now in possession of the necessary instruments, they are being occupied as rapidly as circumstances will admit. In connection with this subject, it may be of interest to state that I have procured a series of the meteorological observations made by the ingenious plan of Mr. Saxton, of the U. S. Coast Survey, by means of which a curve is described showing the annual stage of the water, at any instant during the twenty-four hours.

Having heard the interesting lecture delivered last evening by Lieut. Maury, I feel confident that those who shared with me in that pleasure, as well as the distinguished lecturer himself, will learn with gratification the facts above mentioned.

Yours truly,
J. L. HOLMES,
Superintendent Survey.

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J. L. HOLMES,
Superintendent Survey.

Miscellaneous Items.

LORD HOWARD, English Minister at Brussels, came near dying lately from a malignant carbuncle produced by the sting of a bee. At last accounts, however, he was out of danger.

A DOCTOR up town gave the following prescription for a sick lady a few days since:

"A new bonnet, a cashmere shawl, and a pair of gaiter boots."

The lady recovered immediately.

We understand that a petition will soon be in circulation in all the lake cities, addressed to Congress, asking that the plan of lake observations proposed by Lieut. Maury be adopted by the government.

A MEMBER of the Legislature now in session at Indianapolis, who had been "coughed down" on several occasions, offered a resolution instructing the doorkeeper to buy $30 worth of cough candy for the use of the members.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* has an account of the criminal experience of a family in that city, consisting of seven persons, five of whom are in prison for various crimes.

The monument which the State of Louisiana is erecting on the New Orleans battle ground, has now reached the height of 50 feet. It is of white marble, and will be 150 feet high when completed.

A YOUNG man thought he would have a nice time at Toronto, the other evening, and donned his wife's clothing, crinoline, &c., and proceeded to promenade about town. Two gentlemen failed to see the point of the joke, and locked him up in a station-house for a few hours, and then let him go home in rather sweet habiliments.

A PARSON at the late Newark, says the court ought not to grant the divorce, because the parties will then be seeking new mates, and there would be two unhappy parties instead of one. Rather a sharp remark, that.

RECRUITING in the United States army has been so brisk during the fall that nearly all the regiments are now filled up, and it has been decided to discontinue enlisting at Buffalo, New Haven, and several other important stations in various States.

On the 4th inst., a man who booked himself as John G. Berry, arrived with his wife at Piedmont, Virginia. The next morning he took the express train for Wheeling, leaving his wife behind, but carrying off her watch and money. It was a runaway match, and she had only been married to him a week previous.

We learn from the Boston *Daily Advertiser* that a gentleman of that city who insists upon remaining unknown, has given $5,000 to Harvard University, to erect and furnish a gymnasium upon the college grounds.

ACCORDING to the French papers, M. Lain, Professor of Chemistry in the College of Besancon, has proved the presence in considerable quantity, of arsenic in the wire from which pins are usually made, three or four serving to give a perceptible quantity in the common form.

The Fraser River product, thus far, is not important, the whole product for this province at that quarter being reckoned at $511,000. The export of treasure from San Francisco, including the shipments to the Atlantic States, since January 1st to Nov. 15th, are $41,794,568. To same date last year, $41,649,145.

MESSRS. ATKINS, above Evansville, have purchased the old Jo. Lane farm of 300 acres, from Col. P. Dunn, for which they have paid him about $30,000, mostly in cash. This farm was sold by Gen. Jo. Lane, in 1849 or 1850, for about $10,000. Some others who have paid from $95,000 or 30,000 in cash, must be well to do in the world.

INFORMATION has been brought by some whalers recently arrived, that Capt. McClintock, commander of Lord Franklin's Arctic expedition, was seen early in August within Pond's Bay, into which he had succeeded in navigating the Fox, and that he was holding communication with numerous parties of Esquimaux.

THE Paris correspondent of the *Journal of Commerce*, intimates that the frequent attacks of illness on the part of Mr. Harwitz, during his chess engagement with Morphy, were made for the purpose of protracting the strife, in order to subserve the pecuniary interest of the Cafe de la Regence where the match was played.

THE orange crop of Louisiana this season is very large, and the crop is selling from plantations at from six to eight dollars per thousand. Last year it was below the first price offered for $1,500 a small tract of land adjoining a city and which was planted with orange trees of full growth. He refused, and this season the owner of the tract in question has sold his orange crop for $5,000.

SIENNAS can now step up and be absolved. Archbishop Hughes offers for sale in lots to suit purchasers a lot of Plenary Indulgences, procured by the charity of Pius IX., and to some extent without the usual formalities." The proceeds of the sale are to be devoted to the support of an "American Institute for the education of Ecclesiastics in the city of Rome." Those Plenary Indulgences may be obtained only during the present month of December. Hurry up to the Bishop's office.

Miscellaneous.

IMPORTANT TO PRINTERS!

Large Assortment of Printing Materials for Sale.

THE CONSOLIDATION OF THE PRESS and the TRIBUNE has given us a large duplicate assortment of type, material for which we offer for sale two of Job Press and News Type, in sizes to suit customers. All the material is in good order, and it is almost new. It is offered for sale to printers at 35 to 50 per cent under cost for the same.

Our catalogue embraces the following articles, at the prices named:

Two Double Pica Cases, at half cost.
Job Cases, $2 50
6 Cases for sheet 20x26, at 20 per cent. discount.
6 Cases for sheet 22x32, at 20 " "
10 Job Cases, large and small, at 20 per ct. "
480 lbs Long Primer, at 40 per cent discount.
200 lbs of New Brevier, (never used but once), at 55 per cent discount.
40 lbs Long Primer Italics, new, at 5 per cent. discount.
220 lbs Copper-Faced Brevier, good, at 60 per cent "
70 lbs Minion, little worn, 40 " "
140 lbs Minion, little worn, 40 " "
180 lbs Brevier, little worn, 40 " "
80 lbs Nonpareil, 40 " "

We have also a great many fonts of fashionable Job Type for sale at prices which is described with what it cost, and for what it is offered for sale.

Description of Type.	Weight	Price	Sold
2 line Minion Title ..... No 8a	8¾	$7.34	$4.75
2 line Pica Antique	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Pica Arabesque	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Pica Black	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Small Pica Clarendon	6¾	4.72	3.00
Brevier Condensed Shaded	20	15.80	10.00
" Primer Condensed	8¾	6.90	4.00
Condensed Shaded	8¾	6.90	4.00
Pica Condensed	6¾	4.72	3.00
Pica Script	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Long Primer Title	6¾	4.72	3.00
Shaded, Shaded	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Brilliant	6¾	4.72	3.00
Paragon Title	7¾	6.90	3.00
2 line Pica Shaded	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line English Pica	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Minion Shaded	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Minion Shaded	6¾	4.72	3.00
Long Primer Antique	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Pica Antique	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line English Condensed	6¾	4.72	3.00
Double Pica Script	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Small Pica Antique	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Small Pica Script Text	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Brevier	6¾	4.72	3.00
Brevier Extended	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Pica Shaded Text	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Small Pica Ornamented	6¾	4.72	3.00
Pica Ornamented	6¾	4.72	3.00
Pica Ornamented	6¾	4.72	3.00
Pica Antique	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Pica Church Text	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Pica Antique	6¾	4.72	3.00
Great Primer Script Text	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Long Primer Text	6¾	4.72	3.00
Brevier Bold Italic	6¾	4.72	3.00
2 line Pica Antique	6¾	4.72	3.00

In addition to the foregoing we have a large variety of Leads, Slides, Furniture, and Metal for body of type, &c., &c., at as good as new. Also a large quantity

Special Notices.

Those who are curious to witness the wonderful perfection to which A. Oberstein Gate manager at Satchelor's N. Y.) has brought the manufacture of Wigs and Toupees, are invited to visit his Wig and Hair Dressing Rooms, at No. 6 Tremont Block, and examine the artificial from the natural when adjusted to the head. [del 6y

Dr. Hostetter's Bitters have received the warmest encomiums from the press and people throughout the Union, As a valuable tonic for the cure of Dyspepsia, Flatulence, Constipation, and general nervous debility, it cannot be approached. Every day new cases of its great effect are chronicled through our principal public journals. There is nothing equal to the article proposed, to that which the afflicted experience when using this valuable specific. Its mild tone, its sure and generous action upon a disordered stomach, and the cleansing of the entire human body, should recommend it to all classes of our community. All that will be necessary, to convince the skeptical of its healthy effects is to purchase a bottle and be convinced.

For sale by Druggists and dealers generally, everywhere. [del 2y

F. S. Cleaver's Prize Medal Honey Soap, the only genuine, will be found the best Toilet Soap in use, containing a free and creamy lather, a lasting and delicate perfume, and warranted not to injure the skin. Beware of counterfeits.

P. S. Cleaver's Musk and Extra Scented Brown Windsor, for the teeth and gums, to be had at all respectable Drug Grocery and Fancy Stores in the United States. Manufactory, Wholesale and Retail at J. H. CLEAVER & CO., 144 and 146 Lake-st, Chicago. oct9 1m24 2m

A Card.—The Subscribers beg to announce that they have been appointed Agents for the sale of WALTHAM WATCHES, and that they are now prepared to supply the Trade at Manufacturer's Prices. They will guarantee the satisfactory performance of every Watch sold by them of this manufacture, believing as they do that the durability of these Watches and their unequalled time-keeping qualities warrant them in so doing. CONSUMERS will not forget that in buying American Watches they avoid the numerous profits accumulated on the foreign article, before it reaches them, as well as the duties and expenses of importation.

J. Y. & E. M. EDWARDS,
oct20-2t[illegible] 101 Clark street.

Sawyer's Fluid Extract of Bark, an infallible remedy for the Fever ad Ague, and the various forms of Billious Diseases, Intermittent, Remittent, Bill Fever and Dumb Ague, having their origin in malaria, and all Bilious and marshy districts, prepared by Dr. A.S. Sawyer, Druggist and Chemist, and sold by Sawyer, Price & Co., No. 16 Lake street, Chicago.

This remedy is prepared from vegetable substances and contains no mercury, arsenic, or anything that can prove injurious to the system. Its effects are those of a desobstruent and tonic, well adapted to restore the healthy action of the Liver and Stomach.

Hundreds of testimonials in regard to the efficacy of the medicine from persons of respectability, have been given to the proprietor—but he does not make use of them as he prefers to have the medicine introduce itself purely by its merits.

Child's London Cordial Gin.—The original and only London Gin Imported. This Gin, distilled in London from sound Barley, under the superintendence of the British Excise is delicately flavored with a tincture of the Italian Juniper Berry, and some of the most valuable restoratives of the vegetable kingdom, rendering it in the opinion of the most eminent medical men, the purest and safest stimulant or diuretic that is use.

Its a delicious tonic, of a soft and delicate flavor, differing entirely from any other Gin, and devoid of that harsh acrid taste which renders the article known as Holland Gin, or Schnapps, so objectionable.

Though not intended as a medicine. It is recommended by physicians generally in cases of Dyspepsia, Gout, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Colic, Cholera or Fever and Ague, Scrivure, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, the Kidneys and the Bowels, Nervous Debility, &c., whilst the most ex ent will find by its adoption a more relief from those diseases than by any other remedy. Frequently attend their delicate organization.

Dr. Valentine Mott, of New York, the highest medical authority in America, pronounces Child's London Gin "not only superior to any other, but the best article of the kind he has ever seen."

It is peculiarly adapted to settlers in the Southern and Western States, as for travelers exposed to damps of water and air.

For sale in quarts at seventy-five cents, and pints forty-eight cents, by all Druggists, Grocers, Fruiterers and Country Merchants. Beware of Imitations. Buy only CHARLES' —none other is imported.

May be had in Chicago, Ill., of PENTON, ROBINSON & SMITH, No. 15 South Water st.; HAVEN, TYRRELL & CO., No. 37 South Water street.

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Notice.—The undersigned, Stockholders in the Merchant's Bank of Macon Georgia, are by provisions of its Charter, made personally liable for its debts. The notes of this Bank will be taken by us on deposit on the same terms as Kentucky, Indiana and Ohio. H. A. TUCKER & CO.

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MANUFACTURERS FOR
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BENT STOCK,
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Manufacturers & Wholesale Dealers in
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RELIABLE DETAILED ESTIMATES
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OYSTERS, OYSTERS, OYSTERS.
WESTERN AGENCY.
Are now receiving daily, the best KEG, CAN and BULK OYSTERS, from the most celebrated packers in the Baltimore and Philadelphia markets.
S. F. HINCKLEY, Western Agent,
No. 202 State street.
Orders promptly attended to.

OYSTERS—OYSTERS—OYSTERS.
RAYCH, MANN & CO'S unrivalled Oysters received daily, by express, direct from their packing-house, Norfolk, Va., and for sale by the can, keg or bushel, at No. 139 North Water street, Chicago. Prompt and attention being paid to the prompt delivery of Oysters to all parts of the city. Agents wanted in all towns of the West. All orders will receive prompt attention. [m3d&6y-ly
☞The establishment will be permanent.

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WILDER'S
Patent Salamander Safes.
PRATT & WORCESTER, Agents,
No. 197 South Water street.
[m3d 1y[illegible] P. WORCESTER.

SMITH, POLLARD & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
103 South Water Street, Chicago.
A. SMITH. JOHN W. POLLARD. A. JUDSON SMITH.
[m3d 1y&6y

CIGARS! CIGARS!
EIGHTY-FIVE CASES OF CIGARS
In Bond and for sale by
W. BATCHELOR, 16 Lasalle street.
[m3d&6y-ly

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Fall and Winter Clothing.
SCOTT, KEEN & CO.,
143.....LAKE STREET.....142.
Are receiving daily from their manufactory in Newark, N. J., all the
Newest Styles and Fabrics
—OF—
Fall & Winter Clothing,
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS,
—FOR—
MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.
Which for Style and Workmanship are Unequalled in the City. Call and Examine their Stock.
CUSTOM DEPARTMENT,
In this Department they CHALLENGE COMPETITION for QUALITY, VARIETY and STYLES of CLOTHS CASSIMERES and VESTINGS.
CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER
At the Lowest Cash Prices.
YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT.
In this Department can be found the largest and best selected assortment of YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING in the city, and at NEW YORK PRICES.
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—IN—
GOODS FOR MEN'S WEAR
Consisting of
BLACK AND COLORED BEAVERS, SATINETTS
SHEETS GREYS, SILK VESTINGS.
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FANCY VELVETS, &c. &c.
Also, Tailor's Trimmings.
We invite the attention of the trade to our
FALL STOCK
Now receiving and in store.
☞Agents for Scott's Report of Fashion. [aul3m580-1y

Sewing Machines.

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Premiums and Diplomas.
THE FIRST PREMIUM AND DIPLOMA was awarded to the
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6th. The nominal price of $80 includes stand and fixtures complete.
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Any person of ordinary intelligence can learn in one hour to use it successfully.
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Mrs. J. P. Cook,	Mrs. Levi B. Tate,
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Earlier to rise, and earlier to re.s,
More gorgeously gild with a gaudier gold the west,
Where o'er his race s run.

The many colored leaves
Are sweeping o'er the heath with rustling sound,
And swallow, empty and deserted nests are found
Beneath the eaves.

The frequent blast
Groans in the night, and moans in lashing seas.
Rends the dead limbs, and leaves the rill of trees
Skeletons of the Past.

The winds that moan,
The leaves that whither, and the floods that fall,
Tis of this beautiful and unrivaled Season, All of
its prominent advantages over all others are as follows:
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Financial and Money Matters.

MONDAY, Dec. 20, 1858.

MONEY, EXCHANGE, ETC.—The market is a little unsettled. The regular bankers maintain exchange only at 1 per cent. prem. We hear rates quoted by a few of the bankers and considerable business is done at that rate, but the general rate is a fraction below this. The regular banks report it a shade easier, and probably no change will be made, for the present. The falling off in the price of produce during the past week made large demands upon our bankers, from their country correspondents for currency; as there was a disposition to realize at the lower figures. Hence, large quantities of exchange accumulated in the hands of most parties here; but matters are now gradually adjusting themselves to an equilibrium.

Proposals to open the books for subscription to the Treasury notes, viz: Bank discounts 10 per cent; Exchange 3 per cent; Gold incentive at 1@1¼c. Sight rates running at 1¼@¾ per cent. premium. Very little "brok-ehan paper is thrown on the street as the regular banks absorb nearly the whole that offers.

COMMERCIAL.—The receipts of Hogs to-day are very light—as is usual on Mondays. Early in the morning, the packers were in the market at before noon all the choice lots of Dressed were bought at an advance of 25c on Saturday's prices. Hogs weighing 240 lbs. up to 260, were sold at $4, and those weighing over that were sold at $4.10@4.25. There were no Live Hogs received, and we have but one sale to report at 3.85 gross—averaging 246 lbs.

The Provision market shows some signs of life. To-day, 800 bbls Milwaukee Lard were sold at 10½c, deliverable at Milwaukee in January, February and March, at Keller's option, and 100 bbls steam, packed, and 300 bbls Mess Pork were made at $15.50 all round, delivery in Milwaukee. The feeling is decidedly firmer.

FLOUR AND GRAIN IN STORE AT CHICAGO—DEC. 18.

	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
Dec. 18, 1858	5,000	57,000	1,000	4,000	2,000	1,000
Dec. 11, 1858	5,000	57,000	1,000	4,000	2,000	1,000
Dec. 18, 1857	5,000	57,000	1,000	4,000	2,000	1,000

Decrease in Flour, 000; Wheat, 000; Corn, 000; Oats, 000; Barley, 000; Rye, 000.

New York Bank Statement.

[By Telegraph.] NEW YORK, Dec. 20.

The following is the condition of the Banks up to this date:

Increase in loans	$614,881
Decrease in specie	286,045
Decrease in circulation	27,000
Decrease in net deposits	1,022,000
Total specie	$19,126,522

Provision Trade.

(From the St. Louis Democrat, 18th.)

Prairie bitters and exchanges agree in the fact that there is a great falling off in the yield of Hog products to the Northwest since last year. A private letter to a Pantry Commission House in Cincinnati Kentuck, 14th inst., says the packing season there is closing with a trifle over 50,000 head packed—but 70,000 will cover all packed in and around that point, including Hamilton, Waynesville and Alexandria; that the Dominion Valley will fall about of last year's packing some 40,000 to 50,000; that owing to the difficulty in procuring money with which to purchase, 5,000 to 10,000 head were last year packed at each of the interior towns, which will this year nearly all be consumed where bought and packed at the river towns; and that the number killed in the State of Iowa will not exceed that of last year, while there is a falling off in weight of 15@20 per cent.

A letter from Canton, Mo., to the same firm, dated 15th inst., says a heavy operator last year packed 5,722 hogs there, averaging 320 lbs net.; this year 3,200 head, averaging 195 lbs. net. Those packed last year yielded 48 lbs. of lard per 100 lbs net—but 70,000 will cover all packed in and around that point, including Hamilton, Waynesville and Alexandria; that the Dominion Valley will fall about of last year's packing some 40,000 to 50,000; that owing to the difficulty in procuring money with which to purchase, 5,000 to 10,000 head were last year packed at each of the interior towns, which will this year nearly all be consumed where bought and packed at the river towns; and that the number killed in the State of Iowa will not exceed that of last year, while there is a falling off in weight of 15@20 per cent.

At Keokuk on Friday last, hogs sold at $4.50@$5.25 net.

A correspondent of the Missouri Republican, writing from Kaskaskia, Ill., states that about 8,000 Hogs have been cut there this season, against 4,000 last year.

In cutting this amount, however, a range of country forty miles in circuit was traversed, and none formerly packed in New Boston, Monmouth and Oquawka have been included in the Kaskaskia estimate. Ordinarily, this place has been able to pack that much alone, and within a circuit of twelve miles. The light this season evidently light. Prices have ranged at $4.25@$5 net, an 4 @ 5@$4 40 gross.

Another correspondent writes the following, a correction of a misstatement published in various papers respecting the packing at Mound City, Ill.:

DE SOTO, Ill., Dec. 15, 1858.

We notice in the columns of the papers that 18,000 hogs have been packed in Mound City this season, against 5,000 last season. We know from reliable sources there have not been 500 hogs packed there this season. Bell & Bro. have packed 4,000 hogs here this season, leaving about 1,000 yet to pack. Will close up business by the 25th of December. Hogs light, poor corn out of lard.

RAVENS, FOOT.—The Springfield Journal asserts that eight hundred and twenty hogs were slaughtered and dressed at a slaughter house in that city the other day, in "the incredible short time of hours and thirty-two minutes," the work being done by one set of hands at a single scalding tub, and the gutting by one man. That is a trifle over three hogs per minute, which we submit, with all due deference, is a little too fast.

Chicago Daily Wholesale Market.

[From the Chicago Tribune, Dec. 20.

BEEF—Firm. Sales to-day were at 3@3½ for mixed to extra at $4.25; 100 bbls do at $4 50.

BREAD.—Warm—in good demand. Sales were—Sales No. 1 bbl at $5 50; 50 bbls to river house, at private terms—in good demand and firmer.

CORN—Is 1c higher; sales of 2 bbls No. 2 Spring at 47c in store.

OATS—Are now in good demand. Corn in bulk at 36c on track; 200 bbls at 34c on track; 200 bu Car Corn at 40c; 500 bu do at 40c on track.

OIL—Is firm and nominal at 40@50c in store from new.

PORK—Sales per bbl, at depot.

BARLEY—Dull and nominal at 45@50c in store.

MOLASSES—Quiet and nominal at 36c.

PROVISIONS—Mess and Lard. Sales to-day were—300 bbls Mess Pork and 100 bbls Mess packed in store, sold at $15 50 all round, delivery in Milwaukee in January. Also, 800 bbls Lard, at 10½c, deliverable at Milwaukee in January, February and March, at Seller's option. Mess Beef dull and nominal at 6@6½.

RYE—Is dull and nominal at 40@45c in store.

SEEDS—Timothy in good demand at $1.80@1.85; Clover, $3@3.75.

SUGARS—Firm. Sales to-day were—100 bbls Refined, at 9½c; 100 bbls Muscovado, at 8½c; 100 bbls Muscovado, at 8½c; 100 bbls Muscovado, at 8